| NWS FORM E-5 (11-88) NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION (PRES. by NWS Instruction 10-924) NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE                           | HYDROLOGIC SERVICE AREA (HSA)  WFO Midland, Texas   |  |
|---|---|--|
| MONTHLY REPORT OF HYDROLOGIC CONDITIONS   | REPORT FOR:  MONTH YEAR  January 2015               |  |
| TO: Hydrometeorological Information Center, W/OH2<br>NOAA / National Weather Service<br>1325 East West Highway, Room 7230<br>Silver Spring, MD 20910-3283 | J. DeBerry In Charge of HSA  DATE February 15, 2015 |  |

When no flooding occurs, include miscellaneous river conditions, such as significant rises, record low stages, ice conditions, snow cover, droughts, and hydrologic products issued (NWS Instruction 10-924)



An X inside this box indicates that no river flooding occurred within this hydrologic service area.

January was fairly uneventful, except for a winter storm that brought in the new year. The typical winter storm scenario in West Texas and Southeast new Mexico consists of an upper-level trough, followed by a strong cold front, which arrives just as moisture exits the area to the east. As a result, most precipitation falls as rain. However, for this event, the synoptic pattern was such that cold air preceded the trough. As a result, 2015 began with a messy mixture of rain, freezing rain, sleet, and snow. Up to 5 inches of snow fell in Southeast New Mexico, while further to the southeast, up to 2 inches of ice and sleet accumulated in the Permian Basin. On New Year's Day, much of this wintry mix transitioned to rain in the Permian Basin, to such an extent that numerous high water rescues were necessitated in Odessa due to urban flooding.

The net benefit of this storm is that most of West Texas and Southeast New Mexico have begun the year with a healthy precipitation surplus. However, this surplus will likely transition to a deficit by or during the summer months, as is typical.

Precipitation amounts from area ASOS's:

| City           | ASOS ID | January  | December |  |
|----------------|---------|----------|----------|--|
| Carlsbad, NM   | CNM     | 0.96"    | 0.47"    |  |
| Fort Stockton  | FST     | 1.58"    | 0.39"    |  |
| Guadalupe Pass | GDP     | 0.33"(E) | 0.51"    |  |
| Midland Int'l  | MAF     | 2.43"    | 0.22"    |  |
| Odessa         | ODO     | 2.39"    | 0.22"    |  |
| Terrell County | 6R6     | 1.50"    | 0.06"    |  |
| Wink           | INK     | 1.38"    | 0.38"    |  |

Precipitation amounts from area AWOS's:

| City          | AWOS ID | January | December |  |
|---------------|---------|---------|----------|--|
| Alpine        | E38     | 1.16"   | 0.26"    |  |
| Artesia, NM   | ATS     | 0.63    | 0.11     |  |
| Big Spring    | BGP     | 1.03"   | 0.24"    |  |
| Gaines County | GNC     | 1.37"   | 0.38"    |  |

| Hobbs           | HOB | 0.45" | 0.14" |
|-----------------|-----|-------|-------|
| Marfa           | MRF | 1.27" | 0.03" |
| Midland Airpark | MDD | 0.54" | 0.11" |
| Pecos           | PEQ | 1.41" | 0.16" |
| Snyder          | SNK | 1.68" | 0.43" |

Some other locations in the HSA that received notable amounts of precipitation for January were:

St. Lawrence, Glasscock County
Mt. Locke, Jeff Davis County
Andrews, Andrews County
Cope Ranch, Reagan County
Lenorah, Martin County
2.36"
2.49"
2.49"
2.55"

96 locations reported rainfall for the month of January, for an average of 1.47".

Normal January precipitation for Midland International Airport is 0.56". Total precipitation for Midland International Airport for the year ending February 1<sup>st</sup> was 2.43", or 1.87" above normal.

Drought conditions continued to improve across West Texas and Southeast New Mexico during January. As of January 27<sup>th</sup>, in Southeast New Mexico, only northwest Eddy County remained in moderate drought. The rest of Southeast New Mexico was either abnormally dry or out of drought, mostly out of drought. In West Texas, only eastern Scurry, extreme northeast Mitchell, and southeast Terrell Counties remained in moderate drought. The rest of West Texas was either abnormally dry or out of drought, mostly out of drought.

Reservoir levels across the HSA averaged 57.0% of conservation capacity as of February 1<sup>st</sup>:

| Reservoir (County, State)          | January<br>Conserv Cap (%) | December<br>Conserv Cap (%) |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| JB Thomas (Scurry, TX)             | 45.1                       | 45.3                        |
| Colorado City (Mitchell, TX)       | 21.6                       | 21.4                        |
| Champion Creek (Mitchell, TX)      | 5.7                        | 5.6                         |
| Natural Dam Salt Lake (Howard, TX) | 48.6                       | 48.6                        |
| Moss Creek (Howard, TX)            | 64.0                       | 59.0                        |
| Brantley (Eddy, NM)                | 100.0+                     | 100.0+                      |
| Avalon (Eddy, NM)                  | 81.0                       | 67.0                        |
| Red Bluff (Reeves, TX)             | 89.6                       | 87.1                        |

## **Non-Routine Products Issued for January:**

Flash Flood Watches (FFA): 0 Flash Flood Warnings (FFW): 0 Flash Flood Statements (FFS): 0 Flood Advisories/Statements (FLS): 2

Flood Warnings (FLW): 0

**Total Non-Routine Products Issued: 2** 

cc: email: COE ABQ, HIC, IBWC ELP, IBWC PRD, LCRA, NWS ABQ, NWS EPZ, NWS LBB, NWS MAF, NWS SJT, SRH, TAMU, TCEQ, USGS CNM, USGS SJT, WGRFC